

한국사회복지공제회 정부지원 단체상해공제 청약서

2026-651853-000

■ 계약기본사항

시설명	나래올재가복지센터		
대표자 성명	김애자	사업자(고유)번호	234-80-04498
주소	대전 동구 흥룡로65번길 17 (가양동) 201호		
공제(보장)개시 희망일	2026. 06. 01	공제(보장)기간	공제(보장)개시일로부터 1년
가입인원수	19 명	사무실 전화	(042) 636 - 7877

- ▶ 공제(보장)기간은 공제로 입금 후 공제개시일 16시부터 공제종기일 16시까지입니다.
- ▶ 공제(보장)개시희망일 이후 공제로 입금시에는 공제로 입금일부터 보장이 개시 됩니다.
- ▶ 개별 피공제자의 보장 종료일은 산재보험 가입 종료일로 하며, 산재보험 미가입시 건강·고용·연금보험 중 최초 해지된 보험의 해지일을 기준으로 합니다.

■ 보장사항

보장담보 및 보상금액(한도)		보상구분
상해사망	3,000만원 (정액)	중복보상
상해 후유장해	3,000만원*장해율	
상해 입원일당비	입원일당 2만원 (첫날부터, 정액, 180일 한도)	
상해 골절진단	사고건당 15만원 (정액, 건수제한 없음)	
상해 화상진단비	사고건당 20만원 (정액, 건수제한 없음)	
상해 의료지원비	50만원~500만원	

■ 적용 약관(이하 약관의 자세한 내용은 반드시 약관 본문을 참조하시기 바랍니다.)

- * 정부지원 단체상해공제 보통약관
- * 상해 입원일당비 특별약관
- * 상해 골절진단비 특별약관(치아파절 제외)
- * 상해 화상진단비 특별약관
- * 상해 의료지원비 특별약관(치아파절 제외)

■ 공제료

총 공제료	지자체 지원	시설 납입공제료	입금계좌
190,000 원	142,500 원	47,500 원	우리은행 1005-602-702524 예금주) 한국사회복지공제회 ※ 반드시 시설명으로 입금해주시기 바랍니다.

(보장개시일까지 공제료를 입금하셔야 정상적으로 보장개시 됩니다.)

■ 계약자 서명/직인 날인

- * 본 기관은 정부지원 단체상해공제보험의 가입대상인 사회복지 기관(또는 사회복지종사자)임을 확인하며 만일 가입대상에 해당하지 않을 경우 가입 및 보상이 취소 될 수 있음을 인지하고 이에 대한 이의를 제기하지 않겠습니다. ☒

시설명 : 나래올재가복지센터

확인자 : 김애자

확인자 전화 : 010-446*-****

본 기관은 정부지원 단체상해공제보험의 가입에 따른 해당 보장사항에 대하여 정확한 확인 및 해당 상해공제보험에 대한 설명을 충분히 듣고 공제약관을 확인하였습니다.

또한 본 청약서의 기재 사항이 사실임을 확인하고, 청약사항에 이의가 없음을 확인합니다.

계약자(시설명)

대표자 서명 또는 시설 직인

(서명/날인)

- ▶ 청약서만으로는 공제계약 효력이 없으며 공제회에서 발급하는 공제가입증서 내용을 확인후 같이 소지하여야 합니다.

청약일 : 2026 년 05 월 20 일

THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES

CHAPTER I

THE FIRST SETTLEMENTS

The first settlements in the United States were made by the English in 1607, when a group of men led by Captain John Smith founded the colony of Virginia. The colony was established on the James River, and the first year was a struggle for survival. The settlers faced many hardships, including lack of food, disease, and conflict with the Native Americans. Despite these difficulties, the colony survived and grew, and it became the first permanent English settlement in North America.

The colony of Virginia was the first to establish a system of representative government. In 1619, the House of Burgesses was created, which was the first legislative body in the colonies. This body was responsible for making laws and managing the colony's affairs. The House of Burgesses was a significant step towards self-government, and it set a precedent for other colonies.

The colony of Virginia was also the first to establish a system of slavery. In 1619, a group of African men were brought to the colony and sold into slavery. These men were used as labor on the plantations, and their presence marked the beginning of slavery in the United States.

The colony of Virginia was the first to establish a system of land ownership. In 1618, the first land patent was issued, which gave a person the right to own a piece of land. This was a significant step towards the development of a private property system, and it was a key factor in the colony's success.

The colony of Virginia was the first to establish a system of education. In 1636, the first school was founded, which was the first step towards the establishment of a public education system. This school was a significant step towards the development of a system of education, and it was a key factor in the colony's success.

The colony of Virginia was the first to establish a system of religion. In 1619, the first church was founded, which was the first step towards the establishment of a public religion system. This church was a significant step towards the development of a system of religion, and it was a key factor in the colony's success.

The colony of Virginia was the first to establish a system of justice. In 1619, the first court was founded, which was the first step towards the establishment of a public justice system. This court was a significant step towards the development of a system of justice, and it was a key factor in the colony's success.

The colony of Virginia was the first to establish a system of defense. In 1619, the first militia was founded, which was the first step towards the establishment of a public defense system. This militia was a significant step towards the development of a system of defense, and it was a key factor in the colony's success.